

For County Treasurer,
GEORGE M. WOOD.
For County Surveyor,
GEORGE V. LORING.

A FAIR VIEW OF THE CASE.

The following, from the *Marion News* of last week, shows that Mr. Gorman not only understands the bluff question properly, but is also honest enough to say so—which is something that cannot be said by his former associates on the Decatur Tribune:

As we understand the law, the Sheriff receives so much as a salary, and so much for all deputy hire; and the Sheriff is not required to furnish his deputies to wait on the courts. The law especially provides for the appointment of bailiffs to do work in the courts. Mr. Wood, among others, being appointed to do that work, the board of supervisors kicked against it, and appealed to Judge Smith for an opinion as to the validity of the claim for pay for work done, and the Judge sustained the claim. The *News* desires to do justice to all parties; hence the above.

TIME was when the mongrel press of this country could not sufficiently honey the phrases which they made use of in speaking of Hon. Carl Schurz. Now, however, when he takes the stump in Ohio against the repudiationists, they set up a fearful howl, and talk about his services being bought for \$200 per night. The sagacious scribbler who gets up the examples in false syntax for the *Decatur Tribune* is one of the howlers. But now comes Mr. Schurz himself, who says he will not even accept his traveling expenses for his services in the Ohio campaign. Next!

THE *Chicago Times* says of the democracy of Ohio and Pennsylvania:

No wonder the resuscitated putridity is an inflation party. It is no uncommon thing for outsiders at a certain stage of decomposition to blot enormously. And it is no uncommon thing for such inflated corpses to attract all the buzzards and vultures within smelling distance.

THE *Lincolnton* have demonstrated that there is an adequate supply of water under the grounds selected for the location of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded Children, by digging a well sixty-two feet deep before striking water. However, the institution won't need much water when Ketchikan gets his one hundred and fifty new milk cows in successful operation. Now milk will be used almost exclusively for drinking purposes, and the skin milk can be utilized for bathing and washing purposes.—*Bloomington Leader*.

GETTING AROUND IT.—The latest instance of castigating his infernal majesty around the remains of a monarch of the primordial forest, is furnished by a lecture committee at Madison, New York. They have engaged Theodore Tilton to deliver his lecture, but with the stipulation on his part that they must not endeavor to excite popular interest by advertising him as the second hour. Consequently in their advertisement they play around the forbidden as near as they dare, and say: "Theodore Tilton, after three years' absence from the lecture field, for reasons now well understood by the public, has again consented to lecture, and has been engaged to deliver his new lecture, 'The Problem of Life,' at City Hall, Friday evening, October 3rd."

THE latest swindle which the New York sharpers have set up for the purpose of defrauding these credulous people, who are always ready to believe that some one is prepared to give them two dollars for one, is that which purports to be "A General Average Sale," advertised by Wm. M. Elias & Co. This firm have flooded the mails with circulars announcing that they will sell \$1,000,000 assorted fancy goods in sealed boxes, and of course pledged themselves to send at least double the value of any sum of money they may receive. The circular sets out the advantages of the new scheme in glowing colors, and on their face leave no room for doubt, that the thing is a grand investment. If, however, those who receive these circulars will exercise their knowledge of arithmetic a little, they will discover that if \$1,000,000 worth of their goods are sold and each purchaser gets double the value of his money, that some one must lose \$1,000,000 in the operation. If he will then ask himself the question why Messrs. Elias & Co. are so willing to send two dollar worth of goods for every dollar received, he will probably come to the conclusion that the whole scheme is simply a grand swindle.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 26.—Republicans figure the delegates chosen to the republican state convention, thus far, on the gubernatorial question, as follows: Hancock, 240; Loring, 167; Adams and uncommitted, 451.

Resignation of Secretary Delano.

THE PRESIDENT ACCEPTS THE SAME.

Suspension of a Chicago National Bank.

FLATTERING BUSINESS PROSPECTS IN CHICAGO.

The Indian Council.

WHICH CAME NEAR BEING A TRAGEDY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—The following is the letter of Hon. C. Delano, resigning the office of Secretary of the Interior, with the President's letter of acceptance. It may be stated that on the 22d inst., the date of the President's letter, Mr. Delano, in company with a friend, called on President Grant at Elizabeth N. J., to urge the President's acceptance of his resignation. It is probable from present indications that the appointment of his successor will be made from Pennsylvania, and that his name will be announced to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, July 5.
Mr. President:
I have the honor to transmit, with this note, my resignation of the office of Secretary of the Interior. You have been aware for some time of my earnest desire to retire from public life, and you have understood the reasons connected with my private business and domestic affections which have produced and intensified this desire. Last fall, in November, I requested you to accept my resignation. You asked me not to insist upon it, and expressed the desire that I remain in your cabinet until the end of my administration, or as long as I found it agreeable to do so. At your request I declined then to insist upon my acceptance of my resignation, assuring you, however, that I must resign during the early part of the ensuing spring. When that period arrived, and during the months of April and May, you advised me again not to resign, which advice I agreed with my own judgment. The reasons for this conclusion need not be stated here. Since you were called by your fellow-citizens to perform the duties of Chief Magistrate, you have invited me, without solicitation of myself or friends, so far as I know and believe, to take charge of two important and responsible trusts, the Internal Revenue Bureau and Interior Department. I was Commissioner of Internal Revenue from March, 1869, to November, 1870, a period of one year and eight months. The results of my administration you know, and they are, I trust, entirely unknown to my fellow-citizens. The difficulties of this position, and the diligence, care and labor required of me in discharging its duties, you also understand, and of these I trust the public has some correct appreciation. I assumed the duties of the Interior Department in November, 1870, and have discharged them to the best of my ability for a period of four years and eight months. They have been laborious, difficult and delicate. They have embraced supervision of the General Land Office, Indian Bureau, Pension and Patent Offices, Bureau of Education, and a mass of miscellaneous business unknown to any except those connected with the public service. The business of the Land Office is very extensive and involves the adjudication and settlement of legal questions growing out of the railroad grants, liberally and profusely made a few years since, and Mexican and Spanish grants made before we acquired California and New Mexico, and also those growing out of our mineral laws and large mining interest, to say nothing of those that arise under our homestead and pre-emption systems. These cause the head of the Department a vast amount of judicial labor and responsibility which is not generally understood. The Indian Bureau, as you know, is full of intricate, delicate and vexatious questions, growing out of the numerous Indian treaties, and imperfectly defined relations existing between the Government and the Indian races. The execution of this service is also greatly embarrassed by the incompetence of the localities where much of it has to be performed, thus preventing personal supervision over the persons employed, as well as by want of salaries large enough to command talent, character and capacity equal to the duties and responsibilities of the position. Many important duties of the head of department are invested with material and pecuniary interests of individuals, and these interests are often large in amount. The Secretary, in deciding, must necessarily reject the claim of one of the parties, and thereby not unfrequently finds himself assailed by the

misrepresentations and falsehoods of the defeated claimant. I feel confident that a thorough and impartial examination into the present condition of the public service connected with each and all the bureaus attached to the Interior Department will show to all candid and fair minded men that it has never been in a more prosperous and better condition than now. I feel sure that a most scrutinizing examination will sustain the opinion here expressed, and that it will also lead to the conviction that great improvements have been made under your policy in the service connected with the Indian Bureau.

I allude to these matters briefly, to remind you of the exhausting labor which fidelity to my duties during the last six years and four months has demanded of me, and to show you, in part, that one of my age requires rest and recuperation. During all these years of toil I have had your support, your sympathy, and, as I believe, your entire confidence. Had it been otherwise I should have long since retired. As I have said, your political favors have come unsolicited. You have always lightened my duties by prompt and cordial co-operation. When our official relations are severed, I shall always continue to cherish your highest regard, founded as it is in my unqualified confidence in your unselfish patriotism and the high sense of justice which has always characterized you, and from which, in my opinion, nothing can tempt you to deviate.

(Signed) C. DELANO.

The following is the President's reply:

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 22.
DEAR SIR:—Your letter of 5th July, tendering your resignation of the office of Secretary of the Interior, was duly received, and has been held by me until this time without action, because of the continued perception which I believed, and now believe, was being unjustly heaped on you through the public press.

I only now take action because the time is rapidly approaching when the Secretary of the Interior will have to commence his labors preparatory to rendering his annual report to accompany the Executive message to Congress. I therefore accept your resignation, to take effect on the first day of October, leaving a little more than two months from the induction of your successor until the assembling of Congress. In accepting your resignation I am not unmindful of the fact that, about the time of the meeting of Congress one year ago, you stated to me that you felt the necessity of retiring from my cabinet, and asked me whether I would prefer your resignation so as to have your successor confirmed by the Senate during the last session, or whether I would prefer it in vacation. My answer was that I would prefer not having it at all. That was my feeling at the time, and I now believe that you have filled every public trust confided to you with ability and integrity. I sincerely trust that the future will place you in a right estimation of the public, and that you will continue to enjoy its confidence as you have done through so many years of public and official life. With continued respect and friendship, I subscribe myself,

Very truly, your old servant,

(Signed) U. S. GRANT.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—The attendance at the Exposition to-day has been, if not the largest, at least equal to that of any day since its opening. The various railroads centering here have thrown open their entire lines, and from 8 a. m. until night, the crowds which poured into the city and joined to those citizens who attended, literally packed the building in every part. All unite in praise of the magnificent display.

Financially, the result has surpassed the expectations of the management, the receipts exceeding those of either of the preceding years for the same length of time. The wise policy of keeping the exhibition open until 11 p. m. on Saturdays gives working people who cannot visit it during the day an opportunity of seeing and studying the numerous points of interest. The attendance, as indicated by the ticket sales of to-day, is 60,000.

J. V. Parwell & Co., and other prominent houses jobbing in dry goods in this city report they have done a larger business the past week, than has ever before been transacted here in that branch of trade, in the same length of time. The fall trade is proving to be heavy. Country merchants throughout the Northwest, buying freely, and the outlook generally, in business, is more promising than it has been since the panic.

The Fourth National Bank, which for nearly a year past has been taking measures toward liquidation, effected that step to-day. The immediate cause was a call in the clearing house for some \$25,000, to which the bank was not prepared at the moment to respond. The officers have reduced the deposits and other liabilities to \$150,000, while the bank's receivables are over \$350,000. Mr. (Hendel), the president, says that the depositors will lose nothing, and the stockholders alone will be obliged to wait until a settlement is effected.

RED CLOUD AGENCY, Neb., Sept. 21.—On Tuesday Red Cloud, Chief of the Oglalas, failed to meet the Commissioners. The council adjourned yesterday. Spotted Tail, Chief of the Brules, did not come to the council. To-day, at 2 o'clock, as the Commissioners were about to adjourn, Red Cloud and chiefs appeared. The Indians went into private council among themselves. Mounted Indians to the number of 5,000 made a semicircle outside the two companies of cavalry and the Commissioners. Little Man and a dozen savage and wild Northern Indians kept riding around the outside of

the circle. Finally, bad Indians were found outside the circle back of the troops, each behind soldiers, with guns loaded and cocked. The Commissioners being scared called attention of the friendly Indians to the movements. The latter turned the wild Indians and substituted friendly Indians on horseback in the rear of the troops as private guards. Indians and soldiers were detailed to follow Little Bad Man, and found the latter very restless. It was he who sometime since threatened to kill a Commissioner. No council by the Commissioners to-morrow, as the Indians want to hold a council among themselves. Majority of the Indians of Standing Rock Agency leave in disgust to-morrow, but have delegated Maj. Burk, their agent, to sign the treaty for them. Large acquisition of troops is looked for. A single shot fired to-day would have made an indiscriminate slaughter. The Commissioners' hopes of making a treaty are not encouraging.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—A case of yellow fever was discovered in Brooklyn, yesterday. The victim was a sailor, recently arrived from Cuba. The disease developed itself after his arrival here.

Private subscription amounting to \$1,640 for the benefit of the Texas sufferers, was forwarded by telegraph, yesterday.

Caroline Polla, a young German woman who attempted to swallow the Nassau bank out of \$19,000 on forged checks of Warner, Mitchell & Co., Springfield, Ohio, has been convicted and sentenced to two and a half years in the penitentiary.

It is announced that the Young Men's Christian Association have leased Gilmore's Garden for the winter, and that Monday and Sunday will begin a series of revival meetings, November 1st, which it is expected will continue all winter.

Carl Schurz, when here, stated that he would not accept any compensation for his speeches in Ohio, not even traveling expenses. He desires to use his influence on the financial question, but at the same time intended to be under no pecuniary obligations.

St. Louis, Sept. 25.—President Grant and party visited the Custom House to-day, and were much pleased with the character and progress made in the building. This evening the President held an informal reception at the Lindell Hotel, at which a number of army officers and many prominent citizens paid respects to him.

Newburgh, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Three of the buildings of the powder mills, four miles west of the city, were blown up, at nine o'clock to-night. The cause of the explosion is unknown. No person was seriously injured. The explosion shook the buildings in this city. Great alarm was occasioned at the Christian Association convention. The large audience, supposing from the shock that the building was giving way, started for the doors, but were quieted before any casualty occurred.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 26.—This morning the provincial council commenced at Saint Nicholas Cathedral, Bishop Walsh preaching the inaugural sermon. This afternoon the jubilee pilgrimage took place. During its progress, several serious disturbances took place and a general light occurred. With the aid of the police, the Catholics succeeded in reaching the church they were aiming for. On coming out of the church they were again attacked, volley after volley of stones, &c., being fired from both sides. Pistol shots were fired from all quarters. The wounded amount to some forty or fifty. It is reported that one man was killed. The city is now quiet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25.—A dispatch from San Diego says the revolution in Sonora ended the 23d of August, by an engagement near Altar between the government troops and revolutionists, in which the latter were defeated, losing about fifty killed, wounded, and prisoners. About 500 were engaged on both sides. Martial law is proclaimed until affairs are quieted.

PUBLICATION NOTICE IN ATTACHMENT.
In the County Court of DeKalb County, A. D. 1875.
STATE OF ILLINOIS,
Macon County.
ARTHUR PARKER & SAMUEL H. WHEELER
D. McDONNELL
NOTICE is hereby given to the said defendant in the above entitled case, that the same is now pending in said court, and that a writ of habeas corpus has been issued from said court on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1875, at the suit of said Arthur Parker and Samuel H. Wheeler, against the estate of said D. McDONNELL, for the sum of ninety-five dollars and seventy cents (\$95.70), with interest on the said sum from the date thereof, to be held at the Court House, in the County of Macon, State of Illinois, on the 2nd Monday of October, A. D. 1875; which said writ has been returned, levied upon the estate of said D. McDONNELL, and unless the said D. McDONNELL appear and answer and plead in the said court, judgment will be entered and the estate attached will be sold.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
By virtue of one execution to me directed and delivered by the clerk of the Circuit Court of Macon County, Illinois, in favor of Deborah C. Blackburn, Executrix of Sarah L. Leach, deceased, for the use of William P. Blackburn and next of kin, D. Smith, I have levied upon the following described property, to-wit: The northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section No. twenty-four, in township No. sixteen (16) north, range No. one (1), containing the principal portion, in Macon County, Illinois.
Taken as property of the said Samuel D. Smith, which said estate is public sale at the Court House, in the County of Macon, State of Illinois, on the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1875, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., or as soon thereafter as may be, for sale to satisfy said execution.

THIS 20th day of September, A. D. 1875.
ISAAC D. JENNINGS,
Sheriff Macon County.

FOR SALE!

ABOUT 10 ACRES.—A fine suburban place on the north-west part of the city, about one mile and a half from the postoffice, a beautiful elevation, commanding a view of the entire city, there is a fine large orchard, small fruit, grapes, and abundant abundance; a one story comfortable frame house, lawn, well, etc. This place is offered at a price that would make it a choice investment.

The Undivided half of 8 Acres
Slightly set out with a thrifty growth of forest deciduous trees, and a very desirable location for a suburban home.

TWO BUSINESS LOTS
Near the New Square.

HOUSE AND LOT
In Smith & Co's Addition

HOUSE AND LOT
In Peddler & Burrows' Addition.

UNDIVIDED HALF OF 4 ACRES
Known as the "Green Grounds."
The above property will be sold at auction, if sold in the next three days.
Apply to
WARREN & DUNFEE,
Decatur, Ill., Sept. 22—101

SOMETHING NEW!

F. HEINLA,
PRACTICAL
ORGAN BUILDER!

Has opened a shop, on the northeast corner of 2d Main and Franklin streets, where he is engaged to build.

Parlor and Church Organs
OF ALL GRADES;
Also, to do all kinds of
Organ Repairing
At reasonable rates.

Best of references given, if required.
DECATUR, Ill., Sept. 20, 1875—201

Trustee's Sale.

WILLIAMS, Charles H. Elliott, on the 23d day of July, A. D. 1874, made his certain deed of that bearing date the day and year aforesaid, to the said Charles H. Elliott, of the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400), payable to John Melchior, or order, in two equal annual installments of two hundred dollars each, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from date. And whereas said deed was, under the same, because true, assigned by said John Melchior to the said Sarah Keefe for a valuable consideration, and the said Sarah Keefe afterward, for a valuable consideration, assigned and delivered said deed to C. H. Prescott & Co.

And whereas, said deed was due and payable on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1875, and the said Charles H. Elliott, after he had having been made upon after by said C. H. Prescott & Co., for the payment of said sum of money with the interest accrued thereon, wholly neglected to pay the said sum and interest, which said amounts to four hundred and forty-five dollars and fifty cents (\$445.50).

And whereas, said C. H. Prescott & Co. have presented said deed to me, and requested me to sell said premises for the purpose of paying the same.
Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by said deed, I will, on
Wednesday, the 30th day of October, A. D. 1875, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, at the west door of the Court House, in Decatur, Ill., sell for cash in hand, and for one (1) in block four (4), in Peddler & Burrows' Addition to the City of Decatur, and for fifteen (15), in block one (1), in Smith & Co's Addition to the City of Decatur, and premises being in the County of Macon and State of Illinois, and by which said deed, in accordance with the provisions of said deed, at the last mentioned time and place, I shall sell all the said real, legal, interest and equity of redemption of the said Charles H. Elliott and to the above described premises.

Dated at Decatur, Illinois, this 17th day of September, A. D. 1875.

Sept. 18—101 HUGH CHUBB, Trustee.

To All Whom it May Concern

Yours making application to the register of the City of Decatur, in October, 1875, for a license to sell intoxicating liquors, in accordance with the law in Book No. 2, in Platter, Martin & Galt's edition to Decatur, said license was by F. Heintz.

Dated Decatur, Ill., Sept. 17th, 1875.

Sept. 18—101 FLOPPY MCGURK.

A NEW FIRM

H. MUELLER & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO H. MUELLER.)

PLUMBERS,
STEAM & GAS FITTERS,

And Dealers in
Iron and Lead Pipe, Steam and Gas Fittings and Fittings, Rubber Hose, Pumps, &c., &c.



Also keep constantly on hand a complete stock of
Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Lead Caps, Wads, Etc., &c.

Which will be sold as cheap as the lowest can be bought in Central Illinois. All kinds of
MACHINE WORK AND GUN-SMITHING
Done in a neat and workmanlike manner.

H. MUELLER & CO.
April 21, 1874—101

Agents Wanted for a New Book,
SUCCESS IN BUSINESS.

HOW TO MAKE
MONEY.

Selling very fast. Send for Circulars. W. Ziegler & Co., 201 North Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

CHEAP CASE DRY GOODS HOUSE

Hays & Bruce

Invite special attention to fresh arrivals of the

LATEST FALL STYLES

DRESS GOODS!

In all the New and Fashionable Fabrics and Shades, at low prices.

Imported and Domestic Shawls, Imported Beaver Cloth Cloaks, New Cloths and Cassimere,

For men and boys, Plain, Plaid and Striped WATER-PROOF, all grades, complete assortment of Ladies', Children's and Men's UNDERWEAR, in different weights and sizes, full lines of Ladies' and Children's Cashmere, Merino, Wool and Cotton Hosiery, plain, and Balmoral Yarns and Felt Skirts.

Sept. 20, 1875—101

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Is "cheek" full of all kinds of Domestic Goods, all prices, Plain and Plaid Flannels, New Pringles, New Trimmings, large stock of Yak Laces, Collars, Cuffs, Ruches and Ruchings, Kid Gaiters, Kid Gloves, Table Oil Cloths, Carlin Hol-lands, Nottingham Lace Curtains, Valenciennes and Lambrequins, New Quilts, Towels, Table Cloths—in fact, as large and complete a stock of Dry Goods as was ever shown in the city—all marked in plain figures, and ONE PRICE TO EVERYBODY.

Sept. 20, 1875—101

DRY GOODS AT COST!

S. EINSTEIN

Will, from this day on, sell his entire stock of

Summer Goods at Cost,

In order to make room for his Fall Goods.

His stock consists of a full line of
Dress Goods, Silks, Cashmeres, Japanese Poplins and White Goods, Table Linens, Napkins, Towels.

Also, a full line of
CASSIMERES, JEANS, TWEEDS, DENIMS

A complete assortment of
BLEACHED AND BROWN DOMESTICS.

A full line of
Notions, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Shawls and Parasols.

"We specify no prices, but invite all to call and see for themselves that what we say we mean. We will not be undersold by any house in the city."

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

NO. 21 NORTH WATER STREET

August 11, 1875—101

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

WAYNE BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, OMNIBUSES,
PEDDLING AND SPRING WAGONS.

OLD STAND OF DANIEL GAHMAN,
Corner Water and Cerro Cordo-Sts.

PLATFORM CARRIAGES built to order, PONY PLATFORM, PRINCE ALBERT, STAND and COAL BOX BUGGIES, SILKLY and LIGHT ROAD WAGONS, and all kinds of Carriages up to the times, and guaranteed all work to be first-class. All kinds of

Sleighs Made to Order!
FANCY PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

November 17, 1875. d&w-3m.

VALUABLE
Business Property!
FOR SALE.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, [as
Macon County,
In the Circuit Court—May Term, A. D. 1875.
F. L. SMITH

WILLIAM C. FINE, et al.,
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of a do now rendered in the above entitled case, at the May Term, A. D. 1875, of the Circuit Court, within and for the County of Macon, State of Illinois, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of said county, will sell on
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25th, 1875, between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and sunset of said day, at the west door of the Court House, in the City of Decatur, Illinois, the following described property, to-wit: Lots three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6) and seven (7), block one (1), in Reed & Co's addition to the City of Decatur, Macon County, Illinois. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

D. A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.

Said lots are situated east of the new B. & W. R. R. Factory, adjoining the T. & W. R. R. R. For further particulars call on S. F. & C. G. For further particulars call on S. F. & C. G. For further particulars call on S. F. & C. G.

August 25, 1875—101

WANTED AGENTS—"QUACKA DINK!"
A new book, by the Detroit Free Press, has been published and already out-sold the entire stock of the publisher. The book is offered to the public by Mark Twain's "Innocents Abroad." Address for circulars and terms to H. H. NAPP & CO., Chicago, Illinois. (Aug 10-101)

FOR WEEKLY SALARY.
To introduce the best selling medicine in the country. Deal in every family, send for samples and instructions at once. Include 50 cents and send to Geo. E. C. Rogers, Moore, Strick & Co., P. O. Box 25, Washington, D. C.

\$50 PER WEEK SALARY.
To introduce the best selling medicine in the country. Deal in every family, send for samples and instructions at once. Include 50 cents and send to Geo. E. C. Rogers, Moore, Strick & Co., P. O. Box 25, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE
—AT A—
BARGAIN

HOUSE AND LOT IN WARRENsburg, smoke-house, coal-house, stable, shrubbery, &c.; well of good water. Will be sold for less than selling cost.

Address to one
J. M. ROGERS,
Box 24, Warrensburg, Mo.
June 2, 1875—d&w-101

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between Samuel Powers and Luther L. Perkins, in the firm named Powers & Perkins & Co., dealers in Boots and Shoes in Decatur, Ill., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The books will be continued at the old stand by said Luther L. Perkins, who has always had the entire management of the said partnership.

PETER BOLLER
DECATUR, Ill., Dec. 15, 1874

The undersigned will continue the selling business at the old stand, under the name of Greenfield, Bolter, & Co., while they will be pleased to see all the parties of the said partnership.

J. M. BOLTER
DECATUR, Ill., Dec. 15, 1874

Dissolution Notice.

